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IS: 675 - 1973 (Superseding IS:676 - 1963) (Reaffirmed 1996) REAFFIRMED

Indian Standard

2001

SPECIFICATION FOR BUNTING, WORSTED

(Second Revision)

Second Reprint SEPTEMBER 2000

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BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI 110002

Gr 3 December 1973

AMENDMENT NO. 1 APRIL 1975

TO

IS: 675-1973 SPECIFICATION FOR BUNTING, WORSTED

(Second Revision)

This amendment is being issued to specify the use of polyester fibres in addition to polyamide fibres for blending with indigenous wool.

Alteration

(Page 4, Note in Table 1) — Substitute the following for the existing note:

"Note — Polyamide or polyester fibres may be used in admixture to indigenous wool at the top stage to the extent of 10 to 15 percent, if agreed to between the buyer and the seller. The percentage contents of wool and other fibres shall be determined in accordance with IS: 2006-1962 'Method for quantitative chemical analysis of binary mixtures of protein fibres and certain other fibres'."

(TDC4)

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AMENDMENT NO. 2 JUNE 1975 TO IS:675-1973 SPECIFICATION FOR BUNTING, WORSTED

(Second Revision)

Alteration

[Page 7, Table 3, col 3, against Sl No.(ii) (b)] - Substitute '0.3, Min' for '0.03, Min'.

(TDC 4)

Reprography Unit, ISI, New Delhi

AMENDMENT NO. 3 DECEMBER 1998 TO IS 675: 1973 SPECIFICATION FOR BUNTING, WORSTED

(Second Revision)

(Page 4, Table 1, col 2, against Variety No. 2) - Substitute '44 s' for '40 s/44 s'.

[Page 4, Note in Table 1 (see also Amendment No. 1)] — Substitute the following for the existing:

'NOTE — Polyamide fibres may be used subject to a maximum of 15 percent in the admixture to indigenous wool at the top stage. The percentage content of wool and polyamide shall be determined in accordance with IS 2006: 1988 'Method for quantitative chemical analysis of binary mixtures of protein fibre with certain other non-protein fibres (second revision).'

(Page 5, clause 2.2.2) — Substitute the following for the existing:

'2.2.2 The fabric shall be rendered moth-proof by using any suitable moth-proofing agent subject to prior approval of buyer. The supplier shall indicate the type of moth-proofing agent used and its concentration. He shall also give the test method for determination of the quantity of moth-proofing agent used. When new moth-proofing agent is used, besides furnishing the concentration and test method, the supplier shall also render a certificate issued by Government authorised test house about the efficacy of the moth-proofing agent used and also of its being free from any undue toxicity.

If for any reason the fabric has not been rendered moth-proof, the same shall be preserved with naphthalene (see IS 539: 1974) using a minimum quantity of 5 kg/m³ of volume of the package.'

[Page 7, Table 3, Sl No. (ii), and Amendment No. 2] — Delete the requirement and renumber the subsequent requirement.

(Page 7, Table 3) — Insert the following new requirement at the end of the table:

SL No.	CHARACTERISTICS	REQUIREMENTS	METHOD OF TEST
iii)	pH of aqueous extract	5.0 - 7.5	IS 1390
			(Cold Method)
(TX	04)		
•	•		Reprography Unit, BIS, New Delhi, India

Indian Standard SPECIFICATION FOR BUNTING, WORSTED

(Second Revision)

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Indian Standard SPECIFICATION FOR BUNTING, WORSTED (Second Revision)

O. FOREWORD

- 0.1 This Indian Standard (Second Revision) was adopted by the Indian Standards Institution on 18 October 1973, after the draft finalized by the Wool and Wool Products Sectional Committee had been approved by the Textile Division Council.
- 0.2 Bunting, worsted, is intended for making different flags used by the Ministry of Defence as well as for signalling flags used by the Railways.
- 0.3 This standard has been taken up for revision to make it up-to-date. The grade of wool tops for the manufacture of yarn has been defined and mothproofing requirement has also been specified. The colour fastness rating to light has been reduced from 6 to 5.
- 0.4 In this revision the requirements of bunting cloth of heavy type specified in IS:676-1963* have also been covered and consequently IS:676-1963* has been withdrawn.
- 0.5 Assistance has been derived in the formulation of this standard from IND/TC/1204 (g) 'Bunting' issued by the Ministry of Defence and variety 2 is based on the Defence Specification.
- 0.6 This standard contains clauses 2.2.2, 4.1.1, 6.1, 6.2 and 7.3 which call for agreement between the buyer and the seller for permitting the buyer to use his option for selection to suit his requirements.
- 0.7 For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS:2-1960†. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

^{*}Specification for bunting, worsted (revised).
†Rules for rounding off numerical values (revised).

IS: 675 - 1973 .

1. SCOPE

- 1.1 This standard prescribes the constructional particulars and other requirements of two varieties of bunting, worsted.
- 1.2 This standard does not specify the indeterminable characteristics like general appearance, feel, finish and shade of cloth (see also 4).

2. MANUFACTURE

2.1 The particulars regarding the grade of wool, count of yarn, weave, method of dyeing and finishing for the manufacture of cloth are given in Table 1.

TABLE 1 MANUFACTURING PARTICULARS OF BUNTING, WORSTED

Variety No.	FINENESS GRADE OF WOOL TOPS* (see	APPROXIMATE COUNT OF BASIC YARN† [UNIVERSAL COUNT (METRIC COUNT)]		WEAVE	METHOD OF DYEING	Type of Finish
	Note)	Warp	West			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	48 s	32 tex × 2 (Nm 32/2)	44 tex (Nm 22·5)	Plain	Piece dyeing	Clear finish
2	40 s/44 s	40 tex \times 2 (Nm 25/2)	40 tex × 2 (Nm 25/2)	Plain	Piece dycing	Clear finish

NOTE — Polyamide fibres may be used to the extent of 10 to 15 percent in admixture to indigenous wool at the top stage. The percentage content of wool and polyamide shall be determined in accordance with IS: 2006-1962 'Quantitative chemical analysis of binary mixtures of protein fibres and certain other fibres'.

- 2.2 Cloth The cloth shall be clean scoured and free from grease, soap, filling or any other admixture which might give it fictitious weight, substance or firmness.
 - 2.2.1 The selvedges shall be firm and straight.
- 2.2.1.1 In case of bunting of Variety 1, 12 ends shall be drawn, 2 in a heald and 4 in a dent, so as to form a thick stripe at an approximately 15 cm from the selvedges. If the cloth is woven with split selvedges, these shall be firm so as to prevent unravelling of warp yarn.
- 2.2.1.2 In case of bunting of Variety 2 the selvedges shall consist of 16 threads crammed into a space of 6 mm.

^{*}For determination of fineness grades of wool tops, a reference may be made to IS: 5911-1970 'Fineness grades of wool tops'.

[†]Yarn shall be spun on worsted system.

2.2.2 The cloth shall be rendered moth-proof. The proofing agent employed for the purpose may be dieldrin or DDT.

NOTE — Proofing agents other than those prescribed above may be used subject to agreement between the buyer and the seller. Proofing agent shall, however, be of such a nature and composition that its required amount can be estimated by a chemical test.

- 2.2.3 The cloth when visually examined both against light and on surface shall not contain more than one objectionable flaw per 8 m length. The objectionable flaws shall be those which strike immediately the eyes of the person examining the cloth and shall be deemed to include:
 - a) missing ends and picks;
 - b) floats;
 - c) cuts and holes;
 - d) stains;
 - e) west bar and warp section marks;
 - f) big slubs, knots and specks;
 - g) dyeing defects (streaks, patches, etc); and
 - h) thick and thin places.
- 2.2.3.1 All objectionable flaws shall be marked by means of a thread sewn in the selvedge opposite the flaw, and an allowance of 10 cm shall be given for each such flaw. Only one selvedge shall be used for tagging.
- 2.2.3.2 A reference may be made to IS:4125-1967* for details of these defects.

3. REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1 The constructional particulars of cloth shall conform to those given in Table 2.
- 3.2 Colour fastness ratings and other requirements of cloth shall conform to those given in Table 3.

4. SEALED SAMPLE

- 4.1 If, in order to illustrate or specify the general appearance, feel, shade, finish, etc, of a particular variety of cloth, a sample has been agreed upon and sealed, the supply shall be in conformity with the sample in such respects.
- 4.1.1 The custody of the sealed sample shall be a matter of prior agreement between the buyer and the seller.

^{*}Glossary of terms pertaining to defects in fabrics.

TABLE 2 CONSTRUCTIONAL PARTICULARS OF CLOTH, BUNTING, WORSTED

(Clause 3.1)

Variety No.	Ends/ dm	Picks/ dm	WEIGHT	Breaking Load on 15 × 20 cm Strips, Min		LENGTH (see Note)	WIDTH (EXCLUSIVE OF SELVED-
				Warp	Weft		GES), Min
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
			g/m [®]	kg	kg	m	cm
1	125	135	145	65	45	36 and above	45 or in multiples thereof
2	120	120	185	85	85	do	145 or as agreed
Tolerance, Percent	±5	±5	±5				
METHOD OF TEST	IS : 1963- 1969*	IS : 1963- 1969*	IS : 1964- 1970 †	IS : 190	59-1968‡	IS : 1954- 1969§	IS: 1954- 1969§

NOTE — The number of short length pieces (measuring not less than 10 m) shall not exceed 5 percent of the total number of pieces in the lot.

Method for determination of breaking load and elongation at break of textile fabrics (first revision).

§Methods for determination of length and width of fabrics (first revision).

5. MARKING

- 5.1 The cloth shall be marked with the following:
 - a) Name of the materials;
 - b) The legends 'All Wool' or 'Blended Wool', in latter case the percentage of wool and other fibres be also indicated;
 - c) Variety number and 'Ref ISS: 675';
 - d) Manufacturer's name, initials or trade-mark;
 - e) Month and year of manufacture; and
 - f) Length and width of the piece.

^{*}Method for determination of threads per decimetre in woven fabrics (first revision).

†Methods for determination of weight per square metre and weight per linear metre of fabrics (first revision).

- 5.1.1 The product may also be marked with Standard mark.
- 5.1.2 The use of the Standard Mark is governed by the provisions of the Bureau of Indian Standards Act. 1986 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder. The details of conditions under which the licence for the use of Standard Mark may be granted to manufacturers or producers may be obtained from the Bureau of Indian Standards.

TABLE 3 REQUIREMENTS OF CLOTH, BUNTING, WORSTED (Clause 3.2)					
SL No.	CHARACTERISTIC F	REQUIREMENT	METHOD OF TEST		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
i)	Relaxation shrinkage, percent, Max:		IS: 665-1962*		
	Warpway Weltway	5·0 4·0			
ii)	Proofing agent, percent:		IS: 3522 (Part II)- 1970+		
	a) Dieldrin b) DDT	0.02 to 0.05 0.03, Min			
iii)	Colour fastness to: a) Light (see Note)	5 or better	IS: 686-1957‡ or IS: 2454-1967§		
	b) Washingc) Sea water (for Variety 2 only)	4 or better 4 or better	IS: 3361-1965 IS: 690-1956¶		

NOTE - In case of dispute, colour fastness to light shall be determined by the method prescribed in IS: 686-19571.

Methods for estimation of common preservatives used in textile industry: Part II.

Method for determination of colour fastness of textile materials to daylight.

Method for determination of colour fastness of textile materials to artificial light (xenon lamp).

Method for determination of colour fastness of textile materials to washing: Test 2.

Method for determination of colour fastness of textile materials to sea water.

6. PACKING

6.1 The cloth shall be packed in bales or cases in conformity with the procedure laid down either in IS: 32-1971* or in IS: 741-1971† as required.

+Code for inland packaging of woollen and worsted yarn and cloth (first revision).

Method for determination of relaxation shrinkage of woven fabrics containing wool.

^{*}Code for seaworthy packaging of woollen and worsted yarn and cloth (second

6.2 Alternatively, the cloth may be packed according to the details given below when specifically agreed to between the buyer and the supplier:

Each piece shall be suitably folded in a rectangular form or wrapped on cardboard or strawboard of suitable size and thickness. Each piece then shall be wrapped with polyethylene film of a minimum 40 microns thickness or alternatively kraft paper. The edges of the kraft paper or polyethylene film shall be gummed or sealed. Alternatively, each piece may be tied with a twine at least at two places. Such pieces, in a suitable number shall then be enclosed in an outer layer of heavy cee jute cloth preferably conforming to IS:3751-1966* to form compact bales. The bales shall be made secure by cross hooping the steel strips at right angles to both the length and width of the bale. The gross weight of the bale shall not normally exceed 40 kg.

7. SAMPLING AND CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY

- 7.1 Lot The quantity of cloth delivered to one buyer against one despatch note shall constitute a lot.
- 7.2 The conformity of a lot to the requirements of the standard shall be determined on the basis of the tests carried out on the sample selected from the lot.
- 7.3 Unless otherwise agreed to between the buyer and the seller the number of pieces to be selected at random shall be in accordance with col 1 and 2 of Table 4. To ensure randomness of selection, IS:4905-1968† may be used.

TABLE 4 SAMPLE SIZE AND CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY (Clauses 7.3 and 7.4) SAMPLE SIZE LOT SIZE PERMISSIBLE NUMBER SUB-SAMPLE of Non-conforming Size Pusous ' (2) (3) (1)(4) 0 Up to 50 2 51 to 150 8 0 3 4 13 151 ,, 300 3 301 .. 500 20 1 501 and above 32 2

^{*}Specification for heavy cee cloth. †Methods for random sampling.

7.4 Number of Tests and Criteria for Conformity

Characteristics	Number of Tests	Criteria of Conformity
1. Ends, picks, weight, width and visual defects	According to col 2 of Table 4	Permissible number of non-conforming pieces not to exceed the corresponding number given in col 3 of Table 4
2. Length	do	Length of each piece not to measure less than the specified, declared or marked length
3. Breaking load	According to col 4 of Table 4	$\bar{X} - 0.4$ $R > \text{specified}$ value
4. Relaxation shrink- age	do	$\bar{X} + 0.4$ $R \leq \text{specified}$ value
5. Proofing agent:		,
a) Dieldrin	do	$\bar{X} \pm 0.4$ R should lie within specified values
b) DDT	do	$\bar{X} - 0.4$ $R > \text{specified}$ value
6. Colour fastness	do	All the test specimens satisfy the relevant requirement

 $[\]bar{X}$ = Average value obtained by dividing the sum of the observed values by the number of test results.

R = Range, that is difference between the maximum and minimum in a set of observed values.

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'Pushpak', Nurmohamed Shaikh Marg, Khanpur, AHMEDABAD 380001	550 13 48
‡Peenya Industrial Area, 1st Stage, Bangalore-Tumkur Road, BANGALORE 560058	839 49 55
Commercial-cum-Office Complex, Opp. Dushera Maidan, E-5 Arera Colony, Bittan Market, BHOPAL 462016	72 34 52
62/63, Ganga Nagar, Unit VI, BHUBANESWAR 751001	40 36 27
Kalai Kathir Building, 670 Avinashi Road, COIMBATORE 641018	21 01 41
Plot No. 43, Sector 16 A, Mathura Road, FARIDABAD 121001	28 88 01
Savitri Complex, 116 G.T. Road, GHAZIABAD 201001	71 19 98
53/5 Ward No.29, R.G. Barua Road, 5th By-lane, GUWAHATI 781003	54 11 37
5-8-56C, L.N. Gupta Marg, Nampally Station Road, HYDERABAD 500001	320 10 84
E-52, Chitranjan Marg, C- Scheme, JAIPUR 302001	37 38 79
117/418 B, Sarvodaya Nagar, KANPUR 208005	21 68 76
Seth Bhawan, 2nd Floor, Behind Leela Cinema, Naval Kishore Road, LUCKNOW 226001	21 89 23
NIT Building, Second Floor, Gokulpat Market, NAGPUR 440010	52 51 71
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